

OLGA RADKO MATH CIRCLE: ADVANCED 3

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Winter Final Exam II

Name: _____

Problem 1	/10
Problem 2	/10
Problem 3	/10
Problem 4	/10
Total	/40

Let V be a vector space over the field \mathbb{F} . We say that a set $S \subseteq V$ is *linearly independent* over \mathbb{F} if, whenever $a_1s_1 + \dots + a_ns_n = 0$ for some scalars a_i in \mathbb{F} , we must have all $a_i = 0$.

Problem II.1:

- (1) Consider $V = \mathbb{C}$ and $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{R}$. Is the set $S = \{1, i\}$ linearly independent over \mathbb{R} ?
- (2) Consider $V = \mathbb{C}$ and $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{C}$. Is the set $S = \{1, i\}$ linearly independent over \mathbb{C} ?

Solution:

Consider the vector space $V = \mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{F}_3}^2$ over the field \mathbb{F}_3 . Consider $(1, 2)$ in V .

Problem II.2:

Find, with a proof, a vector v in V such that the set $\{(1, 2), v\}$ is a basis for V over \mathbb{F}_3 .

For this problem you may use without proof that a set S is a basis if and only if it is a generating set and it is linearly independent.

Solution:

Consider $V = \mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{F}_3}^3$ over the field \mathbb{F}_3 .

Problem II.3:

- (1) What is the largest size of a set $S \subseteq V$, such that any two elements of S are linearly independent?
- (2) What is the largest size of a set $S \subseteq V$, such that any three elements of S are linearly independent?
- (3) What is the largest size of a linearly independent set $S \subseteq V$?

Solution:

Problem II.4:

- (1) In how many points can two lines intersect in $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{F}_q}^2$?
- (2) In how many points can two hyperplanes intersect in $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{F}_q}^n$?
- (3) In how many points can three hyperplanes intersect in $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{F}_q}^n$?

Solution:

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