# Lesson 2: Weighings, Logic and Geometric Constructions 

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In the following problems, "construct" means "construct using straightedge and compass".

## Problem 1.

a) Given a segment $A B$ on the plane, construct a point $C$ such that $A B C$ is an equilateral triangle using the ruler and compass.
b) Construct the midpoint of the segment $A B$.

## Problem 2.

Given a point $A$ and two rays out of it forming an angle $\alpha$, construct the angle bisector of $\alpha$.

## Problem 3.

a) Given a line $\ell$ and a point $P$ on this line, show how to construct a line through $P$ perpendicular to $\ell$.
b) Do the same if the point $P$ is not on $\ell$.

## Problem 4.

Given a line $\ell$ and a point $P$ not on $\ell$, show how to construct a line through $P$ parallel to $\ell$.

## Problem 5.

Suppose you have five positive integers, and you computed all ten of their pairwise sums. Is it possible that the ten pairwise sums all have different last digits?

## Problem 6.

There are six coins on the table, one of them is fake and weighs differently than the real ones. Show how to determine the fake coin using a scale at most 3 times. In this problem, the scale simply shows the weight of all coins on it in ounces.

## Problem 7.

A square is split into 100 rectangles using 9 vertical and 9 horizontal lines. Exactly 9 of those rectangles are squares - show that two of those squares have the same side length.

